

WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

For the District of Columbia, Maryland, and Virginia, partly cloudy; slightly warmer; variable winds.

NO. 1,178.

WASHINGTON, THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 10, 1897—EIGHT PAGES.

The Circulation of THE TIMES Yesterday
WAS
42,213
COPIES.

ONE CENT.

DYNAMITE GUN WRECKED

Twelve-Inch Monster Blown to Pieces at Indian Head.

FRAGMENTS HURLED A MILE

The Explosion Shatters a House and Destroys Adjacent Gun Carriages—One Piece, Thrown Into the River, Narrowly Misses the U. S. Tug Triton—Loss Heavy.

In the conduct of experiments with one of the new 12-inch dynamite guns yesterday afternoon at the Indian Head proving grounds the gun exploded. The gun was not only destroyed by the tremendous shock, but the carriage was demolished, and also the carriages of several guns in the neighborhood of the dynamite monster.

The experiments were in charge of a board of naval officers. The breach blew out, hurling the fragments in all directions, some of which struck and started a small house on the grounds.

Some idea of the complete wreck occasioned by the explosion may be had from the fact that a piece of the gun, supposed to have weighed several hundred pounds, was hurled out into the river, falling nearly a mile from shore and very near the United States tug Triton, on which the board of officers had gone to the proving grounds. It is estimated that the Government loss will be in the neighborhood of \$10,000, not counting the cost of the gun. There was no disposition on the part of any of those at the grounds yesterday to leave the scene of the accident. The usual danger was put in the hands of the board of officers. The explosion was not expected to be a complete wreck.

THAT PARISIAN DUEL.

The Count de Montequion Loses Some of His Noble Blood.

Paris, June 9.—The duel that was arranged yesterday between M. de Montequion and Count de Robert de Montequion took place today at Neuilly, a suburb of this city.

The weapons used were swords, and the combatants displayed a vicious spirit. Count de Montequion was wounded in the hand, whereupon the seconds stopped the fight. The principals refused to shake hands after the duel was ended.

The duel was the second of the recent disastrous fire at the Grand Chateau d'Azay, where a large number of the most prominent aristocrats of France were killed. Shortly after the fire it was charged that most of the men attending the banquet made no attempt to save the women from the fate which overtook them, but made a wild rush for the exits, throwing the women aside, and in some cases, striking them in their frantic endeavors to save themselves.

A few days ago Madame de Regnier and her sister attended a reception given by Baroness Alphonse de Rothschild, at which they made remarks about the count's conduct at the banquet, which caused the latter to challenge M. de Regnier, as the representative of his wife's sister-in-law, to fight a duel.

The seconds chosen decided that there was no cause for a duel, as the remarks were harmless. The count thereupon wrote to the newspapers expressing a lack of courage to the Regniers, who in turn challenged the count, which challenge was accepted.

ATTACKS THE TARIFF BILL.

President Ebert, of the Brewers' Association, Makes It a Text.

Buffalo, June 9.—In his address to the National Brewers' Association today, President Ebert attacked the tariff bill. Said he:

"Not satisfied with the enormous income now derived from us, we are threatened with another increase by the Federal Government of over 50 per cent. At the time when the tax on beer was increased from 60 cents to \$1, beer sold for \$12 a barrel, and at some places for \$14, while now the price hardly averages \$8. The Government still receives the original tax on an article sold at present at one-half the price prevailing when the tax was originally levied. But this is not all the tariff bill, if passed, will increase the tariff on hops barley, malt, and will thus increase the cost of manufacturing beer."

SHIRE A RUINED MAN.

The Explosion in His Establishment Forces an Assignment.

Chicago, June 9.—Nathan Shire, whose fireworks factory was wrecked by an explosion last evening, made an assignment today for the benefit of his creditors. He had no insurance.

The injured are all reported as recovering. The only fatality arising was that of Mrs. Kenny, who died of injuries received by being trampled upon during the street panic.

A SNAP

for men with narrow feet. About two hundred pairs of Calf and Patent Calf. Bals, Congress and Oxford in A and B widths only. Have been our most popular sellers at \$5 and \$6—you can take your choice of them for \$1.90 per pair. There are most all lengths from 5 to 10, but only A and B widths.

Buy your spring suit from the Rogers & Co. New York stock, which we are selling at SIXTY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR, and save that forty per cent. All new, nobby styles, and perfect fitting garments. All sizes for men and boys.

ROBINSON & CHERY CO

12th and F Sts. N.W.
Clothes, Furnishings, Hats, Shoes.

The Finest Lumber 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

HAWAIIAN OUTLOOK BRIGETER.

Japanese Minister Shimamura Beating a Diplomatic Retreat.

Honolulu, via San Francisco, June 9.—The outlook for a favorable treaty in the trade relations with the United States is considered much brighter now than it was six weeks ago. Below the surface there has been no actual fear of the result of the allocation of the treaty, or threatened tariff on Hawaiian sugar. All large plantations are paying enormous profits.

The Japanese minister, Hon. Shimamura, is providing means for a backdown of his government on the immigration question. He first demanded an indemnity of 320 yen for every contract laborer who was barred from landing. Now, it is understood, he has modified this demand by requesting damages for specific charges of violations of treaty. According to the Hawaiian investigation, which has been thorough, there are not over twenty or thirty Japanese in these islands who were really entitled to land.

The Hawaiian government will probably pay an indemnity for these, and Japan will politely accept the amend.

It is learned that the Canadian Pacific Railroad is ready to make discriminating rates by steamer and rail on Hawaiian sugars to Montreal and Halifax by way of Vancouver the moment the reciprocity treaty is abrogated.

FERRARI'S DESPERATE DEED

Italian Shoots His Countryman's Wife and Kills Himself.

Was Her Lover in Italy and Insanely Jealous—The Woman Dies of Her Wounds.

Insane infatuation for the wife of a fellow-countryman caused Jacopo Ferrari, an Italian, to fatally wound the woman, and to commit suicide yesterday at No. 820 Fourteenth street northwest. The tragedy brought to light a tale of love and jealousy that had its origin beneath the skies of sunny Italy several years ago, when Ferrari first met Mrs. Chiara Guilianna, the prepossessing wife of Cherubino Guilianna.

The fact that the woman was a wife did not deter Jacopo from declaring his love, but his words fell on deaf ears. The woman refused him and told her husband.

Ferrari, finding that he could not persuade her to fly with him, and hoping that distance would enable him to forget her, came to America and settled at Belmont, N.Y.

Six weeks ago Mr. and Mrs. Guilianna and their two children came to Washington. Guilianna purchased the fruit stand of Gerome Mazzanti, at 820 Fourteenth street. Not long after Jacopo presented himself to Mr. Ferrari and tried to persuade her to elope with him, but met with no success. After persistent calls at the Guilianna house, he was ordered by Guilianna not to go there any more, and the matter was turned over to police sergeant Lombardy.

Yesterday morning while Guilianna had gone to market Ferrari entered the store and passed through to the long narrow yard in the rear where Mrs. Guilianna was washing clothes. He approached her with a pistol in his hand and after a few words of warning fired three times. The first shot inflicted a slight wound on the woman's cheek, and the second bullet penetrated her throat. Thinking he had killed her he placed the muzzle of the revolver against his left temple, fired the third shot and fell dead.

The first to reach the scene of the tragedy was Luigi Faini, a cousin of the woman, who assisted her upstairs.

Dr. Blair, who was summoned, administered an opiate, then placed her in an ambulance, which conveyed her to the University Hospital. She was bleeding profusely and could scarcely speak. She died, however, that Ferrari had first cut her with a knife. An examination of her wounds showed that this was not correct.

The arteries in the throat were tied and the hemorrhage stopped, and the surgeons made an attempt to probe for the bullet, but failed.

Mrs. Guilianna grew rapidly weaker after 6 o'clock last night, and died at 1:30 this morning. None of her relatives were present when she died, the husband having gone home to care for the four small children of the family. He will not be notified of his wife's death until this morning, when Coroner Hammett will also be informed.

The body of Ferrari was removed to the morgue. Coroner Hammett viewed the remains of Ferrari yesterday afternoon, and gave a certificate of death by suicide.

Several pieces of paper found in the pocketbook of the dead man contained the names and addresses of Gerio Pacini, Detroit, and M. D. Bonacciotti, Hagerstown, Md. There were also names of some people on the Baltimore newspapers.

A female cousin of Ferrari lives at No. 113 Pennsylvania avenue and a male cousin in California.

TRIED TO USE A RAZOR.

An Officer Prevents George Brown From Doing Serious Damage.

George Brown, a candy maker, was arrested last night on a charge of carrying concealed weapons. Officer Brady was walking along North Capitol street last night behind two men who seemed to be engaged in sultry conversation. Suddenly one of them, who proved to be Brown, seized the other and drew forth a razor to slash his companion, when the policeman caught his hand and prevented what might have been a serious affray. As soon as released from Brown's grasp the other man ran away up the street and his name could not be learned.

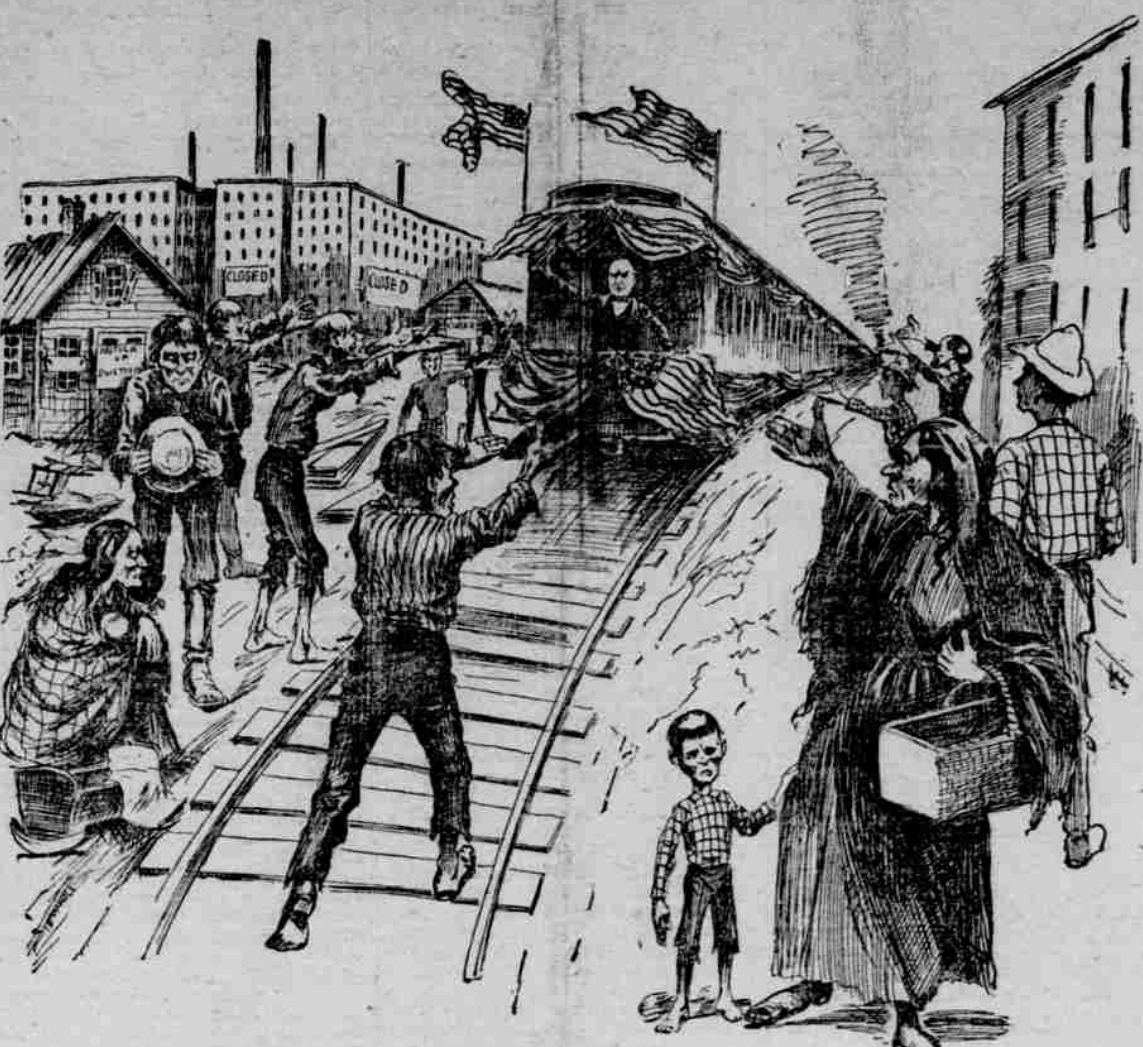
Both men had been drinking.

Sealer of Weights and Measures.

The Commissioners yesterday held an informal discussion relative to the place of sealer of weights and measures, and the reason they think many new ideas may be introduced for the benefit of the service. They find to fault with the present work of the office but they find that Washington is far behind other cities in the facilities of the office of sealer of weights and measures.

Alva Owen Killed by a Horse.

Chicago, June 9.—Dr. Alva Owen, known throughout the United States through his advertisement of electric belts, was killed to death by a horse this morning at his home, in Palatine, a suburb of Chicago.



THE PROSPERITY PARADE.

BRUTAL WORK OF A MOB

Beat a Negro Almost to Death, Then Lynch Him.

HE BEGS THEM TO KILL HIM

Judd William Andrews, Convicted of Assault and Sentenced to Be Hanged, Taken From the Sheriff at Princess Anne, Md., and Strung Up to a Tree.

Princess Anne, Md., June 9.—Judd William Andrews, colored, was beaten nearly to death and then hanged by a mob here at 11 o'clock this morning. He had just been tried and convicted of a felonious assault upon Mrs. Benjamin Kelly, a white woman, and sentenced to be hanged. The scene was the most terrible ever witnessed in the history of the county.

There was never any doubt about the negro's conviction or his sentence to death.

The assault was committed on May 5, at Marion, Somerset county, near here. The negro was taken to the Baltimore jail for safe keeping, and was brought back here last night under a strong guard of officers. As early as 3 o'clock this morning, men from Marion and other parts of the county began to arrive. By the time court opened today 600 or 700 men from the county sent were gathered in the vicinity of the jail. The town policemen were powerless. The crowd increased as the trial proceeded. The negro pleaded guilty, and the court promptly sentenced him to death. When the death sentence became known to the crowd, which had now increased to over a thousand desperate men, a shout of exultation went up, and the leaders were heard to say: "Let's make quick work of the nigger."

Close up to the courthouse pressed the mob. Judge Page went out upon the courthouse steps and argued with the men, who were demanding that the negro be delivered up to them. The judge pleaded with the mob to allow the law to take its course, but the crowd refused to listen. The scene was the most terrible ever witnessed in Somerset, and the unrelenting efforts of Judge Page, the foremost man in influence as well as official position in the county, to restrain the infuriated mob were pathetic.

When the sheriff attempted to take the prisoner to jail the two were surrounded by the mob a few yards from the courthouse, and the negro, praying and pleading for his life, was taken from the officer. The brutality of the mob was horrible. Respectable citizens acted like madmen. The negro was knocked down, kicked in the face and trampled upon by the heavy-booted countrymen. When he would try to rise they would knock him down with bludgeons and again trample upon him. Several brutes cut and lacerated the dying man with their penknives. Before he became unconscious he begged the mob to kill him.

A dozen stalwart men finally picked up the negro and hurried him to a big oak tree on Church street, about thirty yards from the courthouse. A rope was quickly placed about his neck. Several half-drunk men caught hold of the rope, and shouting like fiends, drew it taut, nearly strangling the negro. The next instant the already half dead man was dangling from a lower limb of the tree. After half a dozen puffs he had been emptied at the hanging negro the mob dispersed.

In the desperate crowd were a number of men from other Eastern Shore counties. The authorities will investigate the affair and a number of arrests will be made.

It is said that a company of militia would have been ordered out to guard the prisoner had it not been feared that there would be a repetition of the Urbana tragedy.

A special session of the court was called to try Andrews, to satisfy the demands of the community. Chief Judge Page presided.

Buy your typewriter paper and supplies from us and save money. See our improved cabinets for all makes of typewriters. Typewriter Headquarters and Manufacturers' Agency, 1307 F st. n.w. Burket & Hewett, Agents. Ribbons for all makes. jef-6t

Lacy's pure food ice cream, none better, 50c per gallon. 601-603 N. Y. ave. n.w.

Bargains—Popular Boards, Dressed, \$1.75 100 ft. Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

Burgans—Cypress Boards, \$1.50 per 100 ft. Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

CARNEGIE'S MAN NAMED

Steel King's Candidate Gets the Swiss Mission.

KENTUCKY LEFT IN THE COLD

The President Had Promised the Post to Mr. Clay, But Yielded to the Great Iron Manufacturer's Demands—Dr. Hunter, Another Kentuckian, Disappointed.

By the nomination yesterday of John G. A. Leishman, of Pittsburgh, to be minister to Switzerland, a political debt to Andrew Carnegie is partially paid, and the old shoulder is given the Kentuckians who worked so hard to elect a Senator to succeed Blackburn. There was a good deal of grumbling among the Kentucky contingent last night.

Leishman had been identified with the Carnegie works for many years, and for a long time was his president, being succeeded a few years ago by Mr. Frick, the present manager. He is a man of means and still owes quite a large interest in those great works. After McKinley was elected, Mr. Leishman expressed a desire to go abroad in some capacity. He had the endorsement of Andrew Carnegie who, by reason of his \$50,000 contribution to the McKinley campaign fund, was entitled to draw upon the successful candidate for an occasional office. Mr. Carnegie had also contributed to the campaigns of Senators Quay and Penrose, and was quite confident of their support.

Accordingly, when Mr. Carnegie made the demand for this place he was backed up by the Pennsylvania Senators and Congressmen Dill, of the Pittsburgh district. The recommendations of these men were given them by Mr. Leishman, who was given the place. Recently they have pressed the matter upon the President, and Mr. Carnegie has had Mr. McKinley's attention called to the matter with such effect that the nomination came yesterday.

Mr. Brutus J. Clay, of Kentucky, is the victim of the demands of the iron and steel king. Mr. Clay is a power in Kentucky, and did heroic work for the ticket. After the election he went to Canton and asked McKinley for this place. In a recent talk with a friend in this city Mr. Clay said that the President promised him this identical mission and told him that he should not forget it. After the inauguration Mr. Clay again saw the President and was told, so it is said, that it was unnecessary for him to file papers. But Mr. Clay acted upon the advice of friends and filed papers, and among his warm advocates were Secretary Sherman, Assistant Secretary Davis, Senator Hanna, and Gen. Grosvenor. He was likewise endorsed and recommended by every Republican member of the Kentucky delegation.

Mr. Clay has been insistent in his efforts to have the nomination made, and Secretary Deboe has urged it repeatedly. It is evident the President found it hard to turn Mr. Clay down, but he was compelled to do so in the presence of the request of Mr. Carnegie. Mr. Clay may be provided for elsewhere.

This is not the only grievance Kentucky had yesterday. It has been said all along that Dr. Hunter, of Kentucky, was to be given the mission to Chile or Peru. Yesterday the Chilean mission went to the brother of Senator Wilson, of Washington, and it is semi-officially stated that the Peruvian mission is to go to State Senator Sayler, of Pennsylvania. This will leave Dr. Hunter out in the cold, for there is nothing in Europe that he can have, for what is left is too large for him.

His Skull Probably Fractured.

Policeman Russell, of the Third precinct, yesterday afternoon found a colored man lying unconscious on the Monument grounds with an ugly wound in his head. The man was removed to the Emergency Hospital. When he revived he gave his name as Smith Perrottine. He said that he had been hit on the head with a stone thrown by a colored man, whom he only knew as "Joe." He was suffering from a slight concussion of the brain, and it is supposed that his skull is fractured.

Ivy Institute Business College, 8th and K. Unexcelled summer course, \$5 day or night.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

MR. MCCORD VICTORIOUS

His Nomination Reported Favorably by the Senate Committee.

Futile Efforts of His Enemies to Destroy His Character—He Will Be Confirmed.

A long and bitter fight against the confirmation of Myron H. McCord to be Governor of Arizona ended yesterday afternoon, when the Senate committee ordered a favorable report to be made on the nomination. The report will be accepted by the Senate, and Mr. McCord will be confirmed.

Charges and counter charges have been made in this case. It was claimed that Mr. McCord was a member of the Wisconsin legislature had been connected some years ago with certain matters of legislation around which there hung an odor that was not healthful. This was investigated by the committee, and found to be without foundation, chiefly for the reason that McCord never was a member of the Wisconsin legislature.

It was also charged that he had been guilty of something approaching malfeasance in office, and had been in a deal through which the territory was worked for a considerable sum of money in the letting of contracts. The qualifications of the man were attacked and almost every means possible taken to prevent his confirmation by the Senate. Into all these matters the Senate committee pushed the probe and found that there was nothing in them to warrant its adverse action.

The attorney general of the Territory was here, and went before the committee to push charges against McCord, and the nominee, together with his attorney, appeared to refute them. Affidavits by the named were filed, and a great mass of stuff was read through by the committee. The action of yesterday was the action of every member of the committee but one—Senator Bate, of Tennessee—and he did not antagonize the making of the report. It is probable that when the case is called up in the Senate there may be some opposition, but there is no fear but that McCord will be confirmed.

John A. Scott's Will.

The will of John A. Scott was filed for probate yesterday. The instrument is dated March 30, 1897. After bequeathing certain real estate and personal property to his two sons, Benjamin M. Scott and George A. Scott, the wife, Amelia Jane Scott, receives the remainder of the estate during her life or length of widowhood. Should she marry, the real estate is to be sold and proceeds equally divided among herself and the three children, Hannah E. Barnes, George A. and Benjamin M. Scott. Upon the death of the wife during her widowhood the proceeds from the sale of the real estate are to be equally divided among the children. George A. Scott is appointed administrator.

All kinds of typewriter work taken in and executed; lowest prices. Typewriter Headquarters and Manufacturers' Agency, 1307 F st. n.w. Burket & Hewett, Agents. jef-6t

Lacy's pure food ice cream, none better, 50c per gallon. 601-603 N. Y. ave. n.w.

Bargains—Popular Boards, Dressed, \$1.75 100 ft. Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

12-Inch Boards, 1 Cent a Foot. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th St. and N.Y. ave.

BRYAN IN VERMONT.

Makes His First Visit to the Green Mountain State.

Burlington, Vt., June 9.—William J. Bryan came here this noon from Montreal, this being his first visit to Vermont, and also completing the list of States he has visited since his nomination to the Presidency last July. Tonight he delivered an address on timetametal at the Howard Opera House to an audience of 2,000.

He will speak in Rutland tomorrow afternoon, going from there to Troy.

A DAMP BUT HEARTY WELCOME.

The Message Telegraphed by Col. Hay to Whitelaw Reid.

Queenstown, June 9.—Whitelaw Reid, special United States ambassador to the Queen's jubilee, arrived here today on the Atlantic.

Col. John Hay, the American ambassador, telegraphed a message to Mr. Reid saying, apropos of the rain that was falling: "A damp but hearty welcome."

Col. Hay's duties will prevent him from meeting Mr. Reid upon his arrival at Euston station, in this city.

MISSIONARIES IN DANGER

Extensive Anti-Christian Riots Reported in Northern China.

In One Fierce Fight Three Are Killed and Eight Wounded—Accusations Against Americans.

Vancouver, B. C., June 9.—Meager details of serious anti-Christian riots are reported from Lin Tsing, in San Tung, in northern China. Two thousand rioters are said to be in league for the purpose of destroying all Roman Catholic property in the district. In one fierce fight three Christians were killed, eight wounded and four captured. Their names could not be ascertained.

From the Roman Catholic bishopric of Tsin Chow, about 200 miles directly west of Canton, come details of the terrible murder of the Rev. Father Marshall.

On April 16 at Loh he observed a band of what he thought to be marauders approaching, and immediately took steps to repel an attack. He barricaded the back door, and, armed with his gun, took up his position at the front entrance, prepared to sell his life dearly.

The band approached the house, and, dividing in two parties, one proceeded to the rear of the house, while the other drew the attention of the priest in front. The party operating in the rear tore down the barricades and burst into the house.

The mob then rushed in and shot the missionary down near the front door. His native interpreter, who stood by him, was also killed. The ruffians then mutilated the bodies of their victims in a brutal manner. They were not robbers, but fanatics, as they left without disturbing a thing in the house and immediately after killing the missionary.

The seeds of disturbance are beginning to be sown in China, the scene of the massacre two years ago. The talk of foreigners kidnapping children has been revived, and fanatical rioters are displayed, accusing Americans of wanting to swallow up China and declaring that the country has been carefully mapped out for foreigners for occupation.

The Baptist missionary union of Boston has been particularly active in Szechuen. Pirates are infesting the coast near Fu Chow. They have captured Chai Ching station and set fire to it, killing the soldiers and capturing the galleys. The governor of Fu Chow has sent fresh soldiers and 200 Martin and four galling guns to capture the pirates.

FORMING A MALT TRUST.

Another Great Monopoly in Process of Organization.

Chicago, June 9.—A meeting of maltsters here today resulted in the formation of a gigantic syndicate composed of Eastern bankers and embracing at least \$20,000,000 worth of property.

The syndicate proposes to control the malt and barley markets of Chicago, the largest in the United States.

A YOUNG LADY RUN OVER.

Miss Helen Hughes Badly Injured by a Reckless Cyclist.

Miss Helen Hughes, a young lady living at No. 58 New York avenue, was run over by her way to attend the wedding of a friend last night was knocked down and run over by Glenn Robinson, a colored cyclist at the corner of Eighth and H streets northwest. She was picked up by Policeman W. H. Adams who afterward arrested the man and locked him up in No. 1 station on the charges of fast riding and having no lamp on his wheel.

The young lady was badly injured and her handsome gown ruined by the accident. She was removed to her home in a carriage and a private physician summoned.

PIERCE FAILED TO APPEAR.

Policeman Indicted for Robbery Not in Court When Wanted.

James E. Pierce, the ex-policeman who was indicted at the April term for having entered the house of Mrs. Cooke, in Georgetown, December 20 last, and stealing silverware and other household goods to the amount of \$124, was to have been tried before Chief Justice Robinson in criminal court No. 1 yesterday. When the case was called Mr. O. D. Barrett, counsel for Pierce, told the court that his client was at White River Junction, Vt., and though he had written him on Saturday, when notified by the district attorney, he thought it probable that Pierce had not received the notification. The case then went over by order of the court until Monday next.

The chief justice made several caustic remarks regarding Pierce's non-appearance, and said that instead of being written to he could have telegraphed for, and it is said that if the ex-policeman fails to answer on Monday District Attorney Davis will ask that his bond be forfeited and a bench warrant issued for his arrest.

A Washington Girl Graduates.

Boston, June 9.—It was the forty-third annual commencement at La Salle Seminary, an all-girl school, held here today, when diplomas were awarded to Miss Anna P. Warner, of Washington, D. C.